2014 June 17th

- NYU Neurology Dr. Soujel Najjar and Kimberly Menzer NYU Neurology- New York, New York, USA
 - Criminal Fraud and Negligence →

NYU Medical Fraudulated and Falsified Tests (Spectroscopy, EEG, and blood tests) - Dr. Souhel Najjar

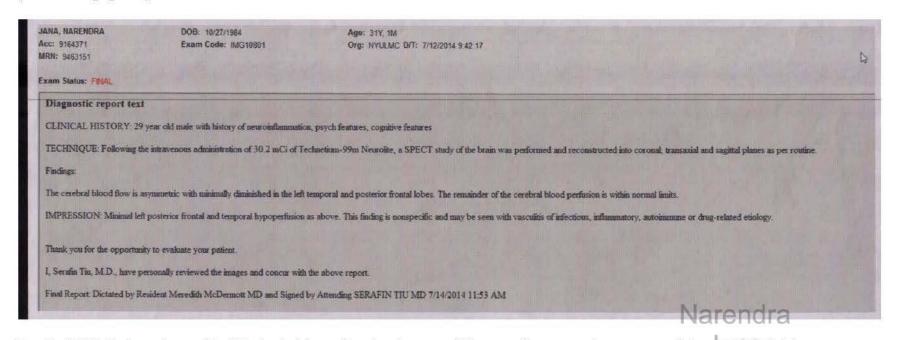
Jan h August 2014 an EEG is done in NYU Langone along with a spectroscopy and blood tests for a autoimmune condition.

The EEG report fails to mention some of the features of seizures as a secondary effect of MS.

The blood tests done in July 2014 at NYU may have been falsified or fraudulated by NYU Langone.

A Nuclear Medicine (NM) test called a SPECT is done in July 12th 2014, which shows the effects of a premature dementia as a secondary effect of MS. This is greatly elaborated in another medical setting in the future.

Given simply the SPECT results far more diagnostics of the spinal column and tests for autoimmune condition would be required (medical negligence):



Dr. Soujel Najjar's assistant (Dr. Kimberly Menzer) ordered many of the tests for an auto immune condition in 7/7/2014 but many test result values are falsified or intentionally normalized values in the reports. It was soon thereafter shown to be a progressive form of multiple sclerosis (MS), so a lot of the test results are questionable. Simply given the SPECT test results the tests would be falsified.

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Jana, Narendra (MR #9463151) Encounter Date: 06/17/2014 Encounter Date: 06/17/2014 HEPATITIS B VIRUS CORE ANTIBODY, TOTAL
 HEPATITIS C VIRUS ANTIBODY, IGG
 THYROGLOBULIN ANTIBODY
 THYROID PEROXIDASE ANTIBODY Light Touch: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Temperature: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Pin Prick/Pain: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODY
 PR-3 (PROTEINASE-3) ANTIBODY
 Ambulatory EEG, 48 hrs
 NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING Vibration: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Proprioception: Normal in upper and lower extremities. Graphesthesia: Intact. Narendra RTC after testing performed Coordination
Finger to Nose Movement: Normal
Rapid Alternating Hand Movements: Normal
Fine Finger Movements: Normal
Heel-Shin Movements: Normal Gait: Normal station and gait. Toe Gait: Normal Heel Gait: Normal Tandem Gait: Normal Stress Gait (walking with feet everted): Normal without posturing Impression: Sudden onset psych issues, pain syndrome, cog issues in prev high functioning male suggestive of Orders Placed This Encounter Ordars Placed Inst Encounter
Procedures
- cerebral perfusion spect image
- MISCELLANEOUS LAB TEST
- VOLTAGE-GATED CALCIUM CHANNEL ANTIBODY N-METHYL-D-ASPARTATE RECEPTOR ANTIBODY, IGG
 GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE ANTIBODY
 ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE ERYTHROUT IE SEDIMENT
 CBC with Differential
 RHEUMATOID FACTOR
 CENTROMERE ANTIBODY
 NUCLEAR ANTIBODY (ANA) C3 COMPLEMENT
 C4 COMPLEMENT
 DNA ANTIBODY, DOUBLE-STRANDED SOL-70 (DNA TOPOISOMERASE 1) ANTIBODY
 SS-8 (RO) ANTIBODY
 SS-8 (LA) ANTIBODY
 CYCLIC CITRULLINATED PEPTIDE ANTIBODY, IGG CH50 TOTAL HEMOLYTIC COMPLEMENT
 C-REACTIVE PROTEIN
 PROTEIN ELECTROPHORESIS, SERUM BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN
 IMMUNOGLOBULIN G
 IMMUNOGLOBULIN M HEPATITIS A VIRUS ANTIBODY, TOTAL
 HEPATITIS B VIRUS SURFACE ANTIBODY QUANTITATIVE
 HEPATITIS B VIRUS SURFACE ANTIGEN Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:09 AM Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:09 AM

The determination that the EEG report downplays the condition and that the blood tests results may be are fraudulated is determined by the future progression of the condition making these tests easy to question.

The neurological evaluation is misstated considering the level of nerve damage to the upper spinal column that had taken place by that point in time.

In the below report I comment on what is likely falsified considering the condition:

Page 1 of 1

Narendra Jana



NYU Langone Radiology Tisch Hospital 550 1st Avenue, 2nd Floor New York, NY 10016-6402 212-263-7410

Kimberly Menzer 223 East 34th Street NEW YORK NY 10016 Patient: Jana, Narendra DOB: 10/27/1984 MRN: 9463151 ACC: 9164371

NM CEREBRAL PERFUSION WITH SPECT

7/12/14

Patient: Jana, Narendra
DDB: 10/27/1984
MRN: 9463151
Referring: Kimberly Menzer
CC Recipient(s):
Pt Phone:

Procedure(s)
Date of Service
NM CEREBRAL PERFUSION WITH SPECT
9164371
7/12/14

CLINICAL HISTORY: 29 year old male with history of neuroinflammation, psych features, cognitive features

TECHNIQUE: Following the intravenous administration of 30.2 mCl of Technetium-99m Neorolite, a SPECT study of the brain was performed and reconstructed into coronal, transaxial and sagittal planes as per routine.

Findings:

The cerebral blood flow is asymmetric with minimally diminished in the left temporal and posterior frontal lobes. The remainder of the cerebral blood perfusion is within normal limits.

IMPRESSION: Minimal left posterior frontal and temporal hypoperfusion as above. This finding is nonspecific and may be seen with vasculitis of infectious, inflammatory, autoimmune or drug-related etiology.

Thank you for the opportunity to evaluate your patient.

I, Serafin Tiu, M.D., have personally reviewed the images and concur with the above report.

Final Report: Dictated by Resident Meredith McDermott MD and Signed by Attending SERAFIN TIU MD 7/14/2014 11:53 AM

Jana, Narendra MRN:9463151 DOB: 10/27/1984 Date of Service: 7/12/14 1 of

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The blood tests were done in Quest Diagnostics as stated in the report.

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151)

Encounter Date: 06/17/2014

esults: CBC AND DIFFERENTIAL	i .	Status: Final result 6/18/2014 11:58 PM
Component WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	Value 5.9	Standard Range & Units 3.8 - 10.8 Thous/mcL
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.67	4.20 - 5.80 Mill/mcL
HEMOGLOBIN	13.9	13.2 - 17.1 g/dL
HEMATOCRIT	42.0	38.5 - 50.0 %
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME	89.9	80.0 - 100.0 fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	29.9	27.0 - 33.0 pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC	33.2	32.0 - 36.0 g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	13.2	11.0 - 15.0 %
PLATELET COUNT	205	140 - 400 Thous/mcL
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	8.1	7.5 - 11.5 fL
NEUTROPHILS %	47.2	38 - 80 %
LYMPHOCYTES %	42.3	15 - 49 %
MONOCYTES %	8.0	0 - 13 %
EOSINOPHILS %	2.2	0 - 8 %
BASOPHILS %	0.3	0 - 2 %
NEUTROPHILS ABSOLUTE	2785	1500 - 7800 Cells/mcL
LYMPHOCYTES ABSOLUTE	2496	850 - 3900 Cells/mcL
MONOCYTES ABSOLUTE	472	200 - 950 Cells/mcL
EOSINOPHILS, ABSOLUTE	130	15 - 500 Cells/mcL
BASOPHILS ABSOLUTE	18	0 - 200 Cells/mcL
DIFFERENTIAL TYPE	SEE NOTE	

Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics

One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D.

Results: SED RATE Status: Final result 6/19/2014 2:23 AM

Component
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION
RATE

Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli. M.D.

 Results: BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN
 Lab Inquiry
 View Complete Results

 Component
 Value
 Standard Range & Units

 BETA-2 MICROGLOBULIN
 1.54
 <or= 2.51 mg/L</td>

BETA-2 MICROGLOBULIN
Test Performed at:
Quest Diagnostics
One Malcolm Avenue
Teterboro, NJ 07608
Janet Piscitelli, M.D.

Lab Inquiry

View Complete Results

View Complete Results

Standard Range & Units

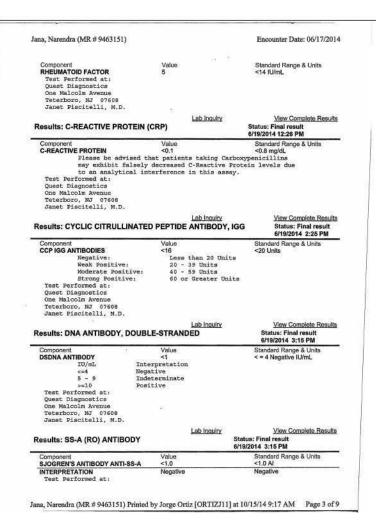
Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 1 of 9

ESR (a general measure of inflammation) would have to be high considering the inflammatory nature of the condition and the rate of progression of the condition at that point in time.

Narendra Jana

Results: NUCLEAR ANTIBODY (ANA) IFA			Status: Final result 6/19/2014 12:09 PM
Component ANA SCREEN, IFA Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D.	Value Negative		Standard Range & Units Negative
Results: IMMUNOGLOBULIN G (IGO	3)	Lab Inquiry	View Complete Resul Status: Final result
	.90		6/19/2014 12:26 PM
Component IMMUNOGLOBULIN G Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D.	Value 978		Standard Range & Units 694 - 1618 mg/dL
		Lab Inquiry	View Complete Resul
Results: IMMUNOGLOBULIN M (IGN Abnormal	A)		Status: Final result 6/19/2014 12:26 PM
Component IMMUNOGLOBULIN M Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D.	Value 31		Standard Range & Units 48 - 271 mg/dL
		Lab Inquiry	View Complete Result
Results: C3 COMPLEMENT LEVEL Abnormal			Status: Final result 6/19/2014 12:26 PM
Component C3 COMPLEMENT LEVEL Test Performed at: Queet Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Pisotelli, M.D.	Value 84		Standard Range & Units 90 - 180 mg/dL
		Lab Inquiry	View Complete Result
Results: C4 COMPLEMENT LEVEL			Status: Final result 6/19/2014 12:26 PM
Component G4COMPLEMENT LEVEL Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitell1, M.D.	Value 21		Standard Range & Units 16 - 47 mg/dL
Results: RHEUMATOID FACTOR		Lab Inquiry	View Complete Result Status: Final result 6/19/2014 12:26 PM

Some of these IgG markers would not be ideally perfect. IgG markers indicate a immune response. C3 is used to check for certain kidney diseases and Systemic Lupus Erythematosus.



C-Reactive protein would have to be high considering the inflammatory nature of the condition. If protein electrophoresis is a low positive it means that C-Protein and ESR would likely have to be high as well.

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Encounter Date: 06/17/2014 Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Narendra View Complete Results Lab Inquiry Results: SS-B (LA) ANTIBODY Status: Final result 6/19/2014 3:15 PM Standard Range & Units SJOGREN'S ANTIBODY ANTI-SS-B <1.0 Al INTERPRETATION Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. View Complete Results Lab Inquiry Results: SCL-70 (DNA TOPOISOMERASE) ANTIBODY Status: Final result 6/19/2014 3:15 PM Standard Range & Units <1.0 Al SCL-70 ANTIBODY INTERPRETATION Test Performed at: Ouest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Lab Inquiry View Complete Results Results: CENTROMERE ANTIBODY Status: Final result 6/19/2014 3:15 PM Standard Range & Units CENTROMERE AB SCREEN <1.0 Al INTERPRETATION
Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Lab Inquiry View Complete Results Results: PROTEIN ELECTROPHORESIS. SERUM Status: Final result Component Value Standard Range & Units PROTEIN, TOTAL SEE NOTE PROTEIN ELECTROP Normal Pattern ALBUMIN PROTEIN 4.01 3.50 - 4.70 g/dL **FLECTROPHORESIS** ALPHA-1-GLOBULIN ALPHA-2-GLOBULIN 0.54 0.50 - 1.00 g/dl BETA GLOBULIN 0.92 0.80 - 1.40 o/dL 1.04 0.60 - 1.60 g/dL GAMMA GLOBULIN Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics Jana, Narendra (MR #9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 4 of 9

For protein electrophoresis in serum the test results are most likely falsified or misstated, in people with multiple sclerosis and during relapse these markers are generally high. The note in the report (later in this report) also states that the result is low positive indicating that I am either close to a relapse or in a relapse, indicating the nature of MS. The immediate recommendation given this would be MRIs of brain and spine with cerebrospinal fluid tests. Medical negligence again.

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Encounter Date: 06/17/2014 Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Lab Inquiry View Complete Results Results: CH50 TOTAL HEMOLYTIC COMPLEMENT Status: Final result 6/19/2014 5:05 PM Component COMPLEMENT TOTAL, CH50 Standard Range & Units 31 - 60 U/mL Test Performed at: Ouest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Lab Inquiry View Complete Results Results: NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBO* Status: Final result 6/19/2014 6:20 PM Standard Range & Units PROTEINASE-3 AB <1.0 <1.0 Al Value Interpretation <1.0 Antibody Not Detected > or = 1.0 Antibody Detected Autoantibodies to proteinase-3 (PR-3) are accepted as characteristic for granulomatosis with polyangiitis (Wegener's), and are detectable in 95% of the the histologically proven cases. The cytoplasmic IFA pattern, (c-ANCA), is based largely on autoantibody to PR-3 which serves as the primary antigen. These autoantibodies are present in active disease state. MYELOPEROXIDASE ANTIBODY <1.0 AI Value Interpretation =1.0 Antibody Not Detected > or = 1.0 Antibody Detected Autoantibodies to Myeloperoxidase (MPO) are comm associated with the following small-vessel vasculitides: microscopic polyangitis, polyarteritisnodosa, Churg-Strauss syndrome, necrotizing and crescentic glomerulonephritis and occassionally Wegener's granulomatosis. The perinuclear IFA pattern, (P-ANCA) is based largely on autoantibody to myeloperoxidase which serves as the primary antigen. These autoantibodies are present in active disease state. Test Performed at: Ouest Diagnostics Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. View Complete Results Results: THYROID PEROXIDASE (TPO) ANTIBODY Status: Final result 6/19/2014 7:47 PM Standard Range & Units THYROID PEROXIDASE ANTIBODIES <9 IU/mL Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Lab Inquiry View Complete Results

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 5 of 9

Narendra Jana

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151)

Encounter Date: 06/17/2014

ana, matemata (wite # >405151)		
Results: THYROGLOBULIN ANTIB	ODY	Status: Final result 6/19/2014 7:47 PM
Component THYROGLOBULIN AB Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One MalColm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Jamet Piecitelli, M.D.	Value <1	Standard Range & Units < OR = 1 IU/mL
	Lab Inquiry	View Complete Results
Results: HEPATITIS A VIRUS ANTI Abnormal	BODY, TOTAL IGG/IGM	Status: Final result 6/20/2014 4:58 AM
Component HEPATITIS A TOTAL ANTIBODY Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D.	Value Reactive	Standard Range & Units Nonreactive
Results: HEPATITIS B VIRUS SURF	Lab Inquiry FACE ANTIBODY	View Complete Results Status: Final result 6/20/2014 4:58 AM
using the Ortho Vitro	34 to hepatitis B virus. to his test is being pe a Chemiliuminesence me hod should not be used	od. Quantitative
Results: HEPATITIS B VIRUS SURF	Lab Inquiry FACE ANTIGEN	View Complete Results Status: Final result 6/20/2014 4:58 AM
Component HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Jamet Piscitelli, M.D.	Value Non Reactive	Standard Range & Units Non Reactive
Results: HEPATITIS B VIRUS CORI	Lab Inquiry E ANTIBODY, TOTAL IG	G/IGM View Complete Results Status: Final result 6/20/2014 4:58 AM
Component HEPATITIS B CORE TOTAL ANTIBODY Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Pincitelli, M.D.	Value Non Reactive	Standard Range & Units Non Reactive

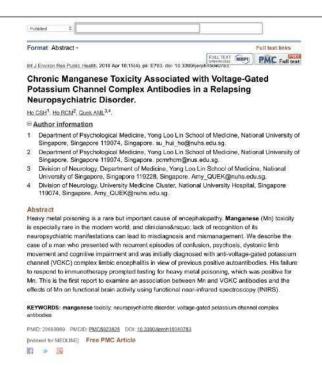
Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 6 of 9

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Encounter Date: 06/17/2014 Results: HEPATITIS C VIRUS ANTIBODY, IGG Status: Final result Standard Range & Units <1.0 Ratio Component
HEPATITIS C VIRUS RATIO
HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY
Test Performed at:
Quest Diagnostics
One Malcolm Avenue Teterboro, NJ 07608 Janet Piscitelli, M.D. Lab Inquiry
Results: GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE ANTIBODY View Complete Results Status: Final result 6/21/2014 4:59 PM Component GAD-65 ANTIBODY This test was performed at: Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute Chantilly 14225 Newbrook Drive Chantilly, VA 20151 Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics Nichols Chantilly 14225 Newbrook Drive Chantilly, VA 20151 Kenneth Sisco, MD, PhD View Complete Results Results: VOLTAGE-GATED CALCIUM CHANNEL (VGCC) AB Status: Final result 6/25/2014 11:40 PM Component Valu VOLTAGE-GATED CALCIUM CHANNEL <30 AB Test performed by: Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute 33608 Ortega Highway San Juan Capistrano, California 92690 Test Performed at: Quest Diagnostics, Michols Institute 33608 Ortega Highway San Juan Capistrano, CA 92675 Dr. Jon M. Nakamoto Lab Inquiry View Complete Results Results: N-METHYL-D-ASPARTATE RECEPTOR ANTIBODY, IGG Component INTERPRETATION This test did not detect abnormal levels of anti-NR1 antibodies RESULTS Interpretive Result Table Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 7 of 9

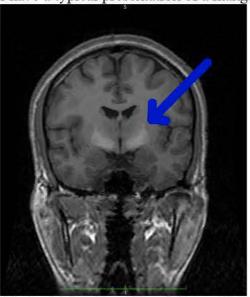
GAD-65 antibodies are present in 10 % of those with multiple sclerosis, it's an antibody against the enzyme that forms neurotransmitter GABA. In epileptics there is GABA dysregulation, the falsified EEG shows epileptic seizures and interictal effects.

The voltage-gate calcium channel test is most likely falsified. In those that have a manganese toxicity in MRI images voltage-gate potassium channel (VGKC) are positive thus this is likely falsified by medical correlation. The medical journal below substantiates it:

Narendra Jana



I have a typical presentation of a manganese toxicity:



Bilateral intensity of the globus pallidi which eventually causes progressive multiple sclerosis.

INTERPRETIVE RESULT: Negative TEST: anti-NR1 TECHNICAL RESULT: No abnormal levels of antibodies detected

COMMENT SEE NOTE

SEE NOTE

Comments: The likelihood that this individual's clinical symptoms are associated with abnormal levels of anti-NR1 antibodies has been reduced. However, this test result does not rule out an autoimmume etiology for the neurological symptoms associated with paraneoplastic disorder.

Recommendations: Health care providers, please contact the Athena Diagnostics Client Services Department at 1-800-394-4493 if you wish to consult with a Laboratory Director regarding this test result. Other testing available: Athena Diagnostics recommends additional testing, if not already performed. Athena Diagnostics currently offers the following antibody tests: anti-Hu, anti-Yo, anti-Zio4, anti-CV2, anti-Mal, anti-Ta, anti-Ri, anti-Recoverin, anti-WGCC, anti-Amphiphysin, anti-G-AChR, anti-GAD65, anti-LGI1, and anti-CASPR2. Please contact the Athena Diagnostics Client Services Department or visit Athenabiagnostics.com for information regarding additional testing that may be appropriate based on this individual's clinical

Background information: Paraneoplastic neurological syndromes or disorders (PNS or PND) are rare immune-mediated disorders resulting from the damage to the nervous system due to remote effects of a tumor (1, 2). PND of the central nervous system may occur in association with either onconcural antibodies directed against intracellular antigens, or antibodies targeted against neuronal surface antigens (1, 3).

Clinical features of PND may include ataxia, limbic or brainstem encephalitis, sensory neuropathy, subacute cerebellar degeneration, dizziness, nystagmus, dysphagia, dysarthria, loss of muscle tone, loss of memory, vision problems, sleep disturbances, dementia, seizures, and/or sensory loss in the limbs (4). In approximately 60% of PND cases, neuropathic symptoms precede a tumor diagnosis (1). Some of the tumors related to PND include small cell lung cancer, ovarian teratoma and carcinoma, thymoma, lymphoma, breast cancer, and/or testicular cancer (2). PND may also include Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS), stiff person syndrome, encephalomyelitis, myasthenia gravis, neuromyotonia, and opsoclonus-myoclonus (4). However, these disorders can also occur in individuals without underlying cancer. N-methyl-D-aspartate receptors (NMDARs) are ionotropic ligand-gated cation channels, which are thought to play a critical role in central nervous system (CNS) synaptic plasticity and signal transmission (5). NMDARs (specifically NR1/NR2 heterodimers) have recently been shown to be a target antigen for antibodies in patients with encephalitis (6, 7). The predominant features of this disorder include acute psychiatric syndromes, seizures, memory deficits, and hypoventilation (8, 9). Majority of patients having encephalitis associated with anti-NMDAR antibodies are young women (6, 7, 10). A few men and children have also been reported (8). Approximately 65% of female encephalitis patients with these antibodies have a detectable tumor, commonly a cystic ovarian teratoma (6). Since neurological symptoms often precede the detection of an occult malignancy, patient monitoring is recommended, and a search for occult cancer should be considered

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 8 of 9

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151)

Encounter Date: 06/17/2014

METHOD

SEE NOT

Detection of antibodies was performed by indirect immunofluorescence staining on a recombinant cell line expressing the antigen. Limitations of analysis: Cross-interfering antibodies may be present in samples and appear as borderline or low positive results. Specimen type may affect sensitivity and specificity of this assay. Although rare, false positive or false negative results may occur. All results should be interpreted in the context of clinical findings, relevant history, and other laboratory data.

Reference

SEE NOTE Comment:

1. Darnell, RB, et al. (2006) Semin Oncol 33: 270-98. (PMID: 16765417) 2. Titulaer, MJ, et al. (2011) Bur J Neurol 18: 19-e3. (PMID: 2088069) 3. Zuliani, L, et al. (2012) J Neurol Neurosury Psychiatry 83: 638-45.

4. Rosenfeld, MR, et al. (2010) Oncologist 15: 603-17. (PMID: 20479279)

Lau, CG, et al. (2007) Nat Rev Neurosci 8: 413-26. (PMID: 17514195)
 Dalmau, J, et al. (2008) Lancet Neurol 7: 327-40. (PMID: 18339348)
 Iizuka, T, et al. (2008) Neurology 70: 504-11. (PMID: 17898324)

8. Florance, NR, et al. (2009) Ann Neurol 66: 11-8. (PMID: 19670433)

Dalmau, J, et al. (2008) Lancet Neurol 7: 1091-8. (FMID: 18851928)
 Niehusmann, P, et al. (2009) Arch Neurol 66: 458-64. (FMID:

10. Niehusmann, P, et al. (2009) Arch Neurol 66: 458-64. (PMID: 19364930)
This test was developed and its performance

characteristics have been determined by Athena Diagnostics. Performance characteristics refer to the analytical performance of the test.

Laboratory oversight provided by Joseph J. Higgins, M.D., F.A.A.N., CLIA license holder, Athena Diagnostics (CLIA # 22D0069726)

Test Performed by: Athena Diagnostics, Inc. Four Biotech Park 377 Plantation Street Worcester, MA 01605

Test Performed at: ATHENA DIAGNOSTICS, Inc. 377 Plantation Street Four Biotech Park Worcester, MA 01605 Joseph J, Higgins, M.D.

Lab Inquiry

View Complete Results

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:17 AM Page 9 of 9

A lot of these tests are idealistically normal considering the nature of the condition. It should be put in the general pattern of fraudulated medical tests in other medical settings. It's an involved way of medical criminal fraud.

Progress Notes by Kimberty Menzar, NP at 8/8/2014 11th 8/M (continued) appears to be no obvious organic etiology for his psychiatric presentation EEG AMBULATORY -48 HOURS [8:294910] Bedrancially signed by: Kimberty Menzar, NP on 8/9/174 1923 Orders; user: Kimberty Menzar, NP 00/1714 1923 Orders; user: K			
EEG AMBULATORY - 48 HOURS [58299190] Bictrenically signed by: Kimberly Memore, NP on 06/17/14 1623 Othering raise: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Othering raise: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Othering raise: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Authorized by: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Frequency: C817/14. Diagnoses Encophaltis [223,6 (CD-9-CM)] Result date and time is equivalent to report date and time. EEG AMBULATORY - 48 HOURS [81-4801/2] Result date and time is equivalent to report date and time. EEG AMBULATORY - 48 HOURS [81-4801/2] Neilsea I. Bernbaum, MD 8/4/2014 102 PM Date of Connection: 77/2014 1 Date of Connection: 77/2014 11 16/20 Pm Date of Connection: 77/2014	ndra	223 East 34th Street MRN: 9463151, DOB: 10/2	7/1984, Sex: M
EEG AMBULATORY - 48 HOURS [58299190] Bictrenically signed by: Kimberly Memore, NP on 06/17/14 1623 Othering raise: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Othering raise: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Othering raise: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Authorized by: Kimberly Memore, NP 07/17/14 1623 Frequency: C817/14. Diagnoses Encophaltis [223,6 (CD-9-CM)] Result date and time is equivalent to report date and time. EEG AMBULATORY - 48 HOURS [81-4801/2] Result date and time is equivalent to report date and time. EEG AMBULATORY - 48 HOURS [81-4801/2] Neilsea I. Bernbaum, MD 8/4/2014 102 PM Date of Connection: 77/2014 1 Date of Connection: 77/2014 11 16/20 Pm Date of Connection: 77/2014	na		
Electronically signord by: Kimberly Manzer, NP on 64/17/14 1923 Ordered during: Office Visit on 06/17/2014 Frequency: O6/17/14 Discovery: Office Office Office Office Office Office Office		appears to be no obvious organic etiology for his psychiatric presentation	SE.
Ordered during: Office Valis on 06/17/2014 Frequency: O6/17/14 Diagnosis Enophalists (923.4 (ICD-9-CM)) Result date and time is equivalent to report date and time. EEG AMSULATORY - 49 MOURS git-13/95/12 Narrailve: Melises 1. Bernhamm. MD 8/4/2014 1:02 PM Melises 1. Bernhamm. AVD 8/4/2014 1:02 PM Date of Disconnection: 7/31/2014 Duration of Ambulsing FEG: 48 hours History: Nemerica Jane is a 29 y.o. male referred for Ambulsincy EEG with a history of parcoysmal events of unclear etiology. No current outpatient prescriptions on fite. Technique: A 21 charmal elactioencephalogram (EEG) recording using the international 10-20 system was performed utilizing a Tracktt Ambulstory EEG system. EEG Background: The waking bedground was characterized by the presence of a well oparated symmetric mixture of alpha and beta frequencies, with a symmetric and macrities of elapha and beta frequencies, with a symmetric and macrities of elapha and beta frequency and englistic was present. During drowlenses, sion rolling eye movements, alternation and fragmentation of the posterior dominant rhythm and diffuse bedrigerund eleving. There was normal steep architecture, with synchronous and symmetric vertex waves, sleep spindles and it-complexes present during Shape II sleep. Story wave sleep architecture was present. Paroxysmal Activity: (non-eplepilform): None Epilepilform Activity: No epilepilform Activity: No epilepilform activity was present. Clicket Events: Between 7/2014 at 22.05 and 7/31/2014 at 18:29 there were 15 push button events. There was no event log with a description of these events. Each event was reviewed and none showed any epilepilform activity was research. Clicket Events: Deling of events are supported and askeep states. No epilepilform activity was zeen and no clinical events or esizures were recorded. Clinical Correlation. The normal EEG study in the awake and askeep states. No epilepilform activity was zeen and no clinical events or esizures			Status: Complete
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Melissa L Bernbaum, MD 84/2014 1:02 PM Date of Connection: 739/2014 Date of Connection: 739/2014 Date of Connection: 739/2014 Date of Disconnection: 739/2014 Helstory Narendra Jana is a 29 yo. male referred for Ambulatory EEG with a history of parosynsmal events of unclear etiology. No current outpattent prescriptions on file. Technique: A 11 channel electroencephalogram (EEG) recording using the international 10.20 system was performed utilizing a Trackott Ambulatory EEG system. EEG Background: The washing beckground was characterized by the presence of a well organized symmatric mixture of alpha and bota frequencies, with a symmetric and reactive of better postation dominant ritystm (PCR). The normal antiefon-the-posterior gradient of frequency and emplitude was present. During drows/ansiss, siew rolling sye movements, alternuation and fragmentation of the posterior dominant ritystm and diffuse background selvering. These was normal sleep architecture, with synchronous and symmetric vertica wases, sleep spindies and K-complexes present during Stage II sleep. Slow was persent. No generalized slowing. Paroxysmal Activity (non-epitepiliform): None Epilepiliom Activity (non-epitepiliform): None Epilepiliom Activity in the sweeke and asleep states. No apleptition correlate of decreage-pile selegration of these events. Each event was no clinical events: Between 7229/14 all 22.50 sind 7/31/2014 at 18:29 there were 15 push button events. There was no no clinical events: Between 7229/14 all 22.50 sind 7/31/2014 at 18:29 there were 15 push button events. There was no no clinical events: Between 7229/14 all 22.50 sind 7/31/2014 at 18:29 there were 15 push button events. There was no no clinical events: Between 7229/14 all 22.50 sind 7/31/2014 at 18:29 there were 15 push button events. Each event was nedewed and none showed any epilepilitom correlate of decreage-pile selegration of the s		Result date and time is equivalent to report date and time.	02. Result status: Final resu
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System The events for which appear to be epilepti	the patient pushed to in nature.	NEW YORK I	NY 10016	Visit date: 7/29/201	1	
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The next document goes into detail about how the EEG report in this setting are falsified. The report ignores features of seizures. The type of seizures I have are predominantly absence seizures.

In the reports written by the doctors assistant, Dr. Kimberly Menzer, there is an attempt to downplay the condition after the blood tests are falsified. Falsifying the neurological presentation and then stating the condition is a "immunodeficiency syndrome" (the opposite of autoimmune condition), a statement that is medically impossible given the progression of the condition.

So a medically impossible statement with many medically impossible blood test results:

Narenu Jana

Encounter Date: 06/17/2014

Narendra Jana

Progress Notes

Narendra Jana (MR# 9463151)

Author	Note Status	Last Update User	Last Update Date/Time	
Kimberly Menzer, NP	Signed	Kimberly Menzer, NP	6/18/2014 3:56 PM	

Progress Notes

29 y/o M presents for evaluation of constellation of symptoms.

Reports hx of the following:

Onset depression post college, which he could best describe as feeling sad. He is unable to provide much detail but states for 3-4 years he underwent trials of multiple meds including: "stimulants, MAOIs, ssris, snris"-cannot recall names. He during that time began to "self medicate" with supplements including manganese and began to experience "massive nerve pain" at which time he was found to have elevated manganese level and an MRI showed increased signal in b/l global pallidus. Due to lack of improvement he underwent ECT in 2010.

After ECT, onset of the following symptoms:

-Immediately following ECT, was completely incoherent and was without recall of these days.

-Nerve pain continued and continues to this day: r elbow, r flank, R>L calf, L lateral hand, R parietal, temporal and occipital, and L parietal occipital--burning, stabbing, consistent but waxes and wanes. Reports nerve pain exacerbated by eating

-He would get in his car, drive aimlessly x 30-45 min unknowingly, come to, have to put GPS to go home. He received a speeding ticket, and states he almost lost his license but can't recall why.

 Spending: made purchases he was unaware of, ipod, expensive meals without awareness, or picking up the check at dinner with friends

Sought neuro evals and relates he was thought to have ECT delirium

-Mood and temperament change, occurs in combination with nerve pain, irritable. If he is not moody he gets goofy, also can occur on daily basis, laughs to self, feels senseless, than cries—emotionally labile and uncontrollable. Mood changes also exacerbated also by eating and physical activity. He may also feel less aware, less able to remain focused on task. He begins to "stupidly laugh" ~ 1hour until better

-"psychobabble states" repeats fragments of words or non words in his head, he is aware of it but can't stop it. X 15 min. also occurs after eating or activity

-OCD: has repetivie internal thought processes, often negative comments someone has said.

-Color distortion: things look white washed

-Difficulty in perception in physical motion: halo or trail of the movement

-Decreased executive function. Planning. Understanding concepts

DATA:

REEGs slowing per his report MRI 2008 as above, states had another last year neuropsych eval 2011 Has not brought reports for review

Sees psychiatrist-- Valentine Riteri MD

Moved to nyc 2.5 months ago. Works in IT. No issues socializing.

Jana, Narendra (MR #9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:09 AM

ECT is an inappropriate recommendation for those with brain lesions (increased signal intensity). It causes neurological damage.

Nerve pain is described accurately from spinal cord lesions.

These events ("get in his car, drive aimlessly") are called automatic behaviours in neurology that occur in those with epilepsy, since the brain changes due to seizures. (getting around and driving aimlessly). These are all effects of epilepsy.

Seizures cause short term memory loss but nothing I purchased was out of the ordinary (nothing beyond my monetary means).

Didn't have ECT delirium, I was having repeated seizures. It perpetuated for years after ECT.

Effects in mood are due to midbrain lesions. The statement "laughs to self, feels senseless, then criesemotionally labile" is called pseudobulbar effect that

Encounter Date: 06/17/2014

Narendra

General Examination:

General Appearance: No acute distress. Vitals: BP 113/64 | Pulse 69 | Ht 1.689 m (5' 6.5") | Wt 51.211 kg (112 lb 14.4 oz) | BMI 17.95

HEENT: Normocephalic, atraumatic, conjunctivae pink, sclerae clear, tongue and mucous membranes moist. No dysmorphic features are present.

Neck: Supple with normal range of movement and no meningismus.

Cardiovascular: Regular rate and rhythm with normal S1 and S2. No S3, S4 or murmur. Normal carotid pulsations with no bruits. Normal, palpable peripheral pulses bilaterally.

Pulmonary: Lungs clear to auscultation bilaterally without wheezes, rales or rhonchi. Skin: No rashes or abnormal pigmentation. No neurocutaneous lesions present.

Musculoskeletal: Normal muscle bulk.

Neurological Examination:

Mental Status

State: Patient is awake and alert. Patient answers questions and follows commands appropriately. Spontaneity of speech and motor behavior are normal.

Orientation: Oriented to person, place and time.

Language: Speech is fluent with normal prosody. There is no dysarthria. Naming, repetition and comprehension are intact.

Mood and Affect: flat and a bit odd ...

Eye contact is normal.

Memory: Recent and remote memory are normal. Registers 3/3 objects. Recalls 3/3 objects.

Attention/Concentration: Normal. Able to spell WORLD backwards.

Judgment/Fund of Knowledge: Normal

Cranial Nerves

CN II: Visual fields intact to confrontation. Fundoscopic examination is normal with no evidence of disc edema or pallor. Pupils are equal, round and reactive to light and accommodation.

CN III, IV, VI: Normal. Extraocular muscles are intact without nystagmus or diplopia. CN V: Normal. Facial sensation is symmetric. Muscles of mastication normal and symmetric.

CN VII: Normal. Facial musculature is symmetric.

CN VIII: Normal. Hearing is intact bilaterally.

CN IX. X: Normal. The palate rises symmetrically and the uvula is midline.

CN XI: Normal. Sternocleidomastoid 5/5 and trapezius 5/5 bilaterally.

CN XII: Normal. The tongue is midline with no evidence of atrophy.

Motor

Bulk and tone are normal throughout. There are no abnormal movements.

Upper extremity strength is full (5/5) bilaterally.

Lower extremity strength is full (5/5) bilaterally.

There is no pronator drift.

No tremor or adventitious movements are seen.

Biceps: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4 Triceps: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4 Brachioradialis: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4

Patellar: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4 Achilles: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4

Plantar Response: Normal. Bilateral toes are downgoing (Babinski sign absent).

Hoffman's: Absent

Jana, Narendra (MR #9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:09 AM

happens in neurodegenerative conditions like multiple sclerosis.

These are all the effects of seizures and neuroinflammation from multiple sclerosis. Colour distortion is due to optic neuropathy. The decreased executive planning is due to intermittent seizures and rapidly vacillates within hours.

Fundoscopic examination is misstated, has pale optic disks which were apparent in high resolution images from tests.

Has gross optic neuropathy.

Does have nystagmus due to inflammation of optic nerves.

The motor nerve tests are probably falsely stated, has spine lesions.

The reflex tests are misstated, has spinal cord lesions.

Narendra

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151)

Sensation

Light Touch: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Temperature: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Pin Prick/Pain: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Vibration: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities. Proprioception: Normal in upper and lower extremities. Graphesthesia: Intact.

Coordination

Finger to Nose Movement: Normal Rapid Alternating Hand Movements: Normal Fine Finger Movements: Normal Heel-Shin Movements: Normal

Station/Gait

Gait: Normal station and gait. Toe Gait: Normal Heel Gait: Normal Tandem Gait: Normal Stress Gait (walking with feet everted): Normal without posturing Romberg: Negative

Sudden onset psych issues, pain syndrome, cog issues in prev high functioning male suggestive of autoimmune inflammation/encephalitis

Encounter Date: 06/17/2014

Plan:

Orders Placed This Encounter

Procedures

- · cerebral perfusion spect image
- · MISCELLANEOUS LAB TEST
- VOLTAGE-GATED CALCIUM CHANNEL ANTIBODY
- · N-METHYL-D-ASPARTATE RECEPTOR ANTIBODY, IGG
- GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE ANTIBODY
- ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE
- · CBC with Differential
- RHEUMATOID FACTOR
 CENTROMERE ANTIBODY
- · NUCLEAR ANTIBODY (ANA)
- C3 COMPLEMENT
- C4 COMPLEMENT
- · DNA ANTIBODY, DOUBLE-STRANDED
- · SCL-70 (DNA TOPOISOMERASE 1) ANTIBODY
- · SS-A (RO) ANTIBODY
- SS-B (LA) ANTIBODY
 SS-B (LA) ANTIBODY
 CYCLIC CITRULLINATED PEPTIDE ANTIBODY, IGG
- CH50 TOTAL HEMOLYTIC COMPLEMENT
- · C-REACTIVE PROTEIN
- · PROTEIN ELECTROPHORESIS, SERUM
- BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN
- · IMMUNOGLOBULIN G
- IMMUNOGLOBULIN M
- HEPATITIS A VIRUS ANTIBODY, TOTAL
 HEPATITIS B VIRUS SURFACE ANTIBODY QUANTITATIVE
- HEPATITIS B VIRUS SURFACE ANTIGEN

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:09 AM

Sensation tests are misstated. Has limited sensation of my left hemisphere due to spinal cord lesions.

Some of the coordination tests are wrongly stated along with gait tests.

Impression statements shows intent in subsequent fraud through the same clinical setting.

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Encounter Date: 06/17/2014 HEPATITIS B VIRUS CORE ANTIBODY, TOTAL
 HEPATITIS C VIRUS ANTIBODY, IGG
 THYROGLOBULIN ANTIBODY
 THYROID PEROXIDASE ANTIBODY
 NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODY
 PR-3 (PROTEINASE-3) ANTIBODY
 Ambulatory EEG, 48 hrs
 NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING Narendra RTC after testing performed Narendra Jana Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:09 AM

Encounter Date: 08/06/2014

Narendra Jana

Progress Notes

Narendra Jana (MR# 9463151)

Progress Notes Info				
Author	Note Status	Last Update User	Last Update Date/Time	
Kimberly Menzer, NP	Signed	Kimberly Menzer, NP	8/6/2014 4:40 PM	

Progress Notes

29 y/o M who returns in follow up.

SYmptoms unchanged since initial visit. Predominant problems are: Mood: temperament, changing mood, impulsivity and lack of inhibition Nerve pain and hand tremors

DATA:

AEEG normal with symptoms

SPECT: mildly hypoperfusion of posterior L frontal and TL-Minimal left posterior frontal and temporal hypoperfusion as above. This finding is nonspecific and may be seen with vasculitis of infectious, inflammatory, autoimmune or drug-related etiology.

Labs: IgM low at 31, C3 84 low

Neuropsych: please review file, presentation most c/w conversion d/o

In addition to our tests, he saw endo and work up normal he recalls. FBS normal, glucose tolerance test not ordered by endo.

Review of Systems - Negative except cognitive issues, mood issues, nerve pain

General Examination:

General Appearance: No acute distress.

BP 124/77 | Pulse 68 | Ht 1.676 m (5' 6") | Wt 50.803 kg (112 lb) | BMI 18.09 kg/m2

Neurological Examination:

Mental Status

State: Patient is awake and alert. Patient answers questions and follows commands appropriately. Spontaneity of speech and motor behavior are normal.

Orientation: Oriented to person, place and time.

Language: Speech is fluent with normal prosody. Tangential, paraphasic errors.

Mood and Affect: flat and a bit odd

Eye contact is reduced

Memory: Recent and remote memory are normal. Registers 3/3 objects. Recalls 3/3 objects.

Attention/Concentration: Normal. Able to spell WORLD backwards.

Judgment/Fund of Knowledge: Normal

Cranial Nerves

CN II: Visual fields intact to confrontation. Fundoscopic examination is normal with no evidence of disc edema or pallor. Pupils are equal, round and reactive to light and accommodation.

CN III, IV, VI: Normal. Extraocular muscles are intact without nystagmus or diplopia.

CN V: Normal. Facial sensation is symmetric. Muscles of mastication normal and

Jana, Narendra (MR #9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:10 AM

Has brain lesions and the typical effects of MS. Nerve pain and hand tremors. The other effects are due to brain inflammation due to MS and seizures.

AEEG test is misstated and falsified in this clinical setting.

Reiterated SPECT report.

There were no mood issues, the more prevalent problem was physical pain from spinal cord lesions, the effects of persistent seizures (frequent and uncontrolled), and occasional immobility from spinal cord lesions.

I believe she simply copied the falsely stated cranial nerve, motor, reflex, sensation, and station/gait statements from 6/17/2014 which were falsely stated.

Encounter Date: 08/06/2014

Narendra Jana symmetric.

CN VII: Normal. Facial musculature is symmetric.

CN VIII: Normal. Hearing is intact bilaterally.

CN IX, X: Normal. The palate rises symmetrically and the uvula is midline.

CN XI: Normal. Sternocleidomastoid 5/5 and trapezius 5/5 bilaterally.

CN XII: Normal. The tongue is midline with no evidence of atrophy.

Motor

Bulk and tone are normal throughout. There are no abnormal movements.

Upper extremity strength is full (5/5) bilaterally.

Lower extremity strength is full (5/5) bilaterally.

There is no pronator drift.

No tremor or adventitious movements are seen.

Reflexes

Biceps: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4 Triceps: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4

Brachioradialis: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4

Patellar: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4 Achilles: Right 2+/4 and Left 2+/4

Plantar Response:Normal. Bilateral toes are downgoing (Babinski sign absent).

Hoffman's: Absent

Sensation

Light Touch: Normal throughout upper and lower extremities.

Coordination

Finger to Nose Movement: Normal

Rapid Alternating Hand Movements: Normal

Fine Finger Movements: Normal Heel-Shin Movements: Normal

Station/Gait

Gait: Normal station and gait.

Toe Gait: Normal Heel Gait: Normal

Tandem Gait: Normal

Stress Gait (walking with feet everted); Normal without posturing

Romberg: Negative

Impression:

The primary encounter diagnosis was Immunodeficiency. A diagnosis of Depression was also

pertinent to this visit.

Borderline low C3 and IgM and abn SPECT scan indicates certain level of

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:10 AM

Does has optic neuropathy with repeated tests.

Reflexes, sensation, coordination, and gait are falsely stated.

C3 is used to check for certain kidney diseases and Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. SPECT shows the typical effects of neurological injury from either neurological insult, the reduced metabolic patterns

Encounter Date: 08/06/2014

Narendra Jana immunodeficiency which is more prevalent in individuals with depression than healthy and not necessarily pathogenic but rather an association

Orders Placed This Encounter

Procedure

Ambulatory referral to Rheumatology

Would recommend trial minocycline to reduce potential inflammation which is not part of an autoimmune process but has been documented in other cases of MDD intractable to meds. Minocycline's pharmacologic activity is mediated through anti microglial activity and reduces proinflammatory cytokines

Due to low C3 and IgM refer to rheumatology Dr Bruce Solitar.

Requested he continue close work with a psychiatrist.

Patient was not very receptive to continuing psychiatric care and resists explanation that there appears to be no obvious organic etiology for his psychiatric presentation

typical in frontotemporal lobe dementias, dementias secondary to MS (which was later shown clearly in studies done abroad), or temporal lobe lesions typical of MS. NM SPECT shows all three.

The protein electrophoresis in serum the test result is misstated, in people with multiple sclerosis and during relapse these markers are generally high. This test showing a low positive as stated in the note which means there is an autoimmune process taking place. The last statement by Dr. Menzer "encounter diagnosis of *immunodeficiency*" is an illogical statement in medicine. With protein electrophoresis in a low positive its clearly an autoimmune condition.

Its clear and easy to demonstrate fraud in this test.

Jana, Narendra (MR # 9463151) Printed by Jorge Ortiz [ORTIZJ11] at 10/15/14 9:10 AM