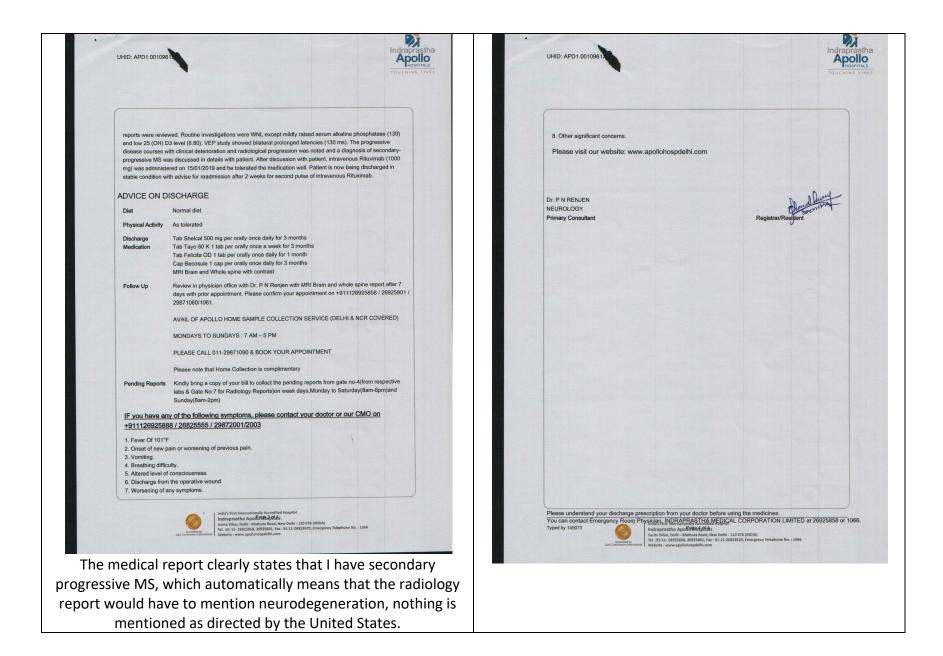
To clarify I am a US Citizen with a US Passport and an Indian OCI does not protect from harm by the US when in India as shown in the past. Its simply a long term visa for a US citizen. With evidence there is no protection from the US in any country unless I'm specifically in asylum protection as has also been repeatedly demonstrated in these countries with evidence: Thailand (medical falsification), Malaysia, Singapore, India (medical falsification), Germany (medical falsification), France, Italy, Spain, Latvia (medical falsification), and Mexico (medical falsification). The US directs physicians in foreign nations to hide the negligence in the US aggressively with evidence of doing so.

To demonstrate that India isn't safe, United States directed a hospital radiologist in Apollo Hospital New Delhi, India to falsify a radiology when the hospital doctors fully state what's in the patients MRI in their own clinical reports. The diagnostics are falsified while the treatment is being given within the same hospital (shown below). India has no system of law to protect form this type of fraud making me an easier target of harm in countries like India which have no legal structure to protect from this type of harm:

Discharge Summary		
Dept. of NEUROLOGY		developed weakness in both limbs (left more than right) since 2017 April associated with difficulty in walking and visual impairment persisted. Multiple putese of intravenous methybrondinsionen was administered since October 2017. His vision showed mild improvement but limbs weakness and difficulty
		in walking persisted. He was treated with Fingolimod (for 5 days) then subcutaneous interferon beta (alternate day) for several months with no
General Information		significant improvement. He also underwent plasmapheresis in 2018. VEP in
UHID APD1.0010961238 Patient Identifier DELIP240818		2018 was suggestive of mild optic neuropathy. Patient is presently having persistent difficulty in walking and needs a stick occasionally for activities of
Ward/Bed No 4th Floor Tower-III , 4th floor T3 ward,Bed no.4429		dally living. His sensory symptoms of lingling, numbness and parasethesia in bilateral hands and feet persists as his visual impairment. He is presently on Tab Dimetry Fournarite 240 mg twice daily since last 45 months, but his
Name Mr. NARENDRA NIRMAL JANA		symptoms have progressed. Patient is now admitted under Dr. P N Renjen (Sr. Consultant, Neurology) for further evaluation and management.
Age 34Yr 2Mth 20Days Sex Male		Olivital Eventination
Address usa,Other-City-United States of America,Other-State-United States		Clinical Examination
of America		On Examination Afebrile Pulse Rate: 80/minute
Primary Dr. P N RENJEN		Blood Pressure: 110/70 mmHg Respiratory Rate: 16/minute
Consultant NEUROLOGY		No clubbing / cyanosis / pedal edema / icterus / pallor / lymphadenopathy
Admission Date 14-Jan-2019		Chest: Bilateral clear CVS: S1, S2 Normal / No murmur / rub / gallop
Discharge Date 16-Jan-2019		P/A: Soft, No tenderness, No distension
Allergies No known allergy		CNS: Conscious, alert Speech normal
Diagnosis		EOM full Left sided grip 40%
Secondary-progressive MS		Right sided grip 60%
Present Illness		DTR (+) all four limbs Power RUL 4+/5, LUL 4/5
History of Present Illness Mr. NARENDRA NIRMAL JANA, a 34 years old software of		RLL 4+/5, LLL 4/5 Decreased pain, temperature and vibration sensation in bilateral limb (left > right)
IAH with history of secondary-progressive MS (diagnosed been under treatment with multiple disease modifying age	gents with	Proprioception / Joint position sensation impaired bilateral feet
progressive clinical deterioration and multiple acute attack Patient's symptoms started in 2008 with headache, tinglin		Ataxic gait Finger-nose and heel-knee test positive in left side
and persistent pain in distal extremities of both upper and	d lower limbs. He	Romberg's test positive Plantars bilateral flexor
was on NSAIDS for persistent pain for initial 2-3 years. Vit started in 2012 which was suggestive of optic neuropathy.	y. MRI cervical	
spine in Jan 2017 showed hyperintensity in cord (both T1	1 and T2). Patient	Course In The Hospital & Discussion
india's Prox telementationality According Happend		After admission, serial MRI Brain and MRI Spine studies (done outside) were reviewed. His VEP and other previous
Indraprastha Apoll 8 Hospitalis Saritz Vihar, Delhi - Mathura Road, New Delhi - 130 076 (INDIA)	1066	



The MRI report is falsified as directed by the United States and is counter to the statements of the doctors in the same hospital, there is no protection from the US in any country unless I'm in asylum as has been repeatedly demonstrated in over 12 countries:

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY	Mr. NARENDRA NI	IIRMAL JANA	APD1.0010961238	DEL10PP2194892
Patient Details : Mr. NARENDRA NIRMAL JANA Male 34Yr 2Mth 25Days		MRI BRAIN	N (WITH CONTRAST)	
UHID : APD1.0010961238 Patient Location: OP Patient Identifier: DEL10PP2194892 Image: Content in the second se		EN	D OF THE REPORT	
DRN : 419002342 Completed on : 21-JAN-2019 00:27				
Ref Doctor : Dr. P N RENJEN			DR.A.S ARORA	
MRI BRAIN (WITH CONTRAST) Provisional Diagnosis/Clinical Data : Multiplanar MR images of the brain were obtained using T1 and T2 weighted SE, TSE and FLAIR sequences. Post contrast T1WI images were acquired.			SR.CONSULTANT	
Report:: Cerebellar hemisphere and brainstem are normal.				
4th ventricle is normal, in midline and normal signal acquired from within.				
Brain parenchyma is normal in signal intensity T1 and T2WI with grey and white matter interphase maintained.				
Ventricular system is normal.				
No midline shift of structures.				
Basal cistern, fissures and sulci are normal.				
Major flow voids are normal.				
Sella turcica appear normal.				
On CEMR, no significant enhancement seen.				
IMPRESSION : FOLLOW UP CASE SEEN WITH EARLIER MRI OF 10 JANUARY 2017 AND 25 SEPTEMBER 2017 (DONE OUTSIDE) SHOWS ESSENTIALLY				

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY	Mr. NARENDRA NIRMAL JANA APD1.0010961238 DEL10PP2194892			
Patient Details : Mr. NARENDRA NIRMAL JANA Male 34Yr 2Mth 25Days UHID : APD1.0010961238 Patient Location: OP Patient Identifier: DEL10PP2194892 Image: Completed on: 21-JAN-2019 00:27 Ref Doctor : Dr. P. N. RENJEN	<u>MRI CERVICAL SPINE WITH CONTRAST AND SCREENING OF</u> <u>DORSO-LUMBAR SPINE</u> PLEASE CORRELATE CLINICALLY.			
MRI CERVICAL SPINE WITH CONTRAST AND SCREENING OF DORSO-LUMBAR SPINE Provisional Diagnosis/Clinical Data : Multiplanar MR images of the cervical spine were obtained using a combination of T1, T2	SCREENING OF DORSO-LUMBAR SPINE:: Screening study of dorso-lumbar spine performed using T2 sagittal sequences.			
turbo spin echo and FFE sequences. Post contrast T1WI images were acquired. Report :: Normal curvature of spine maintained.	Screening of dorso-lumbar spine shows no significant cord / nerve root compression. Cord displaying grossly normal signal.			
Marrow signal from the vertebral bodies and their posterior element is normal on T1 and T2WI.	PLEASE CORRELATE CLINICALLY END OF THE REPORT			
Intervertebral disc are normal in height and signal intensity. Transaxial images show no significant cord / nerve root compression.	DR.A.S ARORA SR.CONSULTANT			
Spinal canal is capacious. Cord is normal in signal intensity on T1 and T2WI.				
Posterior osseous and soft tissue elements are normal. No pre / paravertebral collection seen.				
On CEMR, no significant enhancement seen.				
IMPRESSION : FOLLOW UP CASE SEEN WITH EARLIER MRI OF 10 JANUARY 2017 AND 25 SEPTEMBER 2017 (DONE OUTSIDE) SHOWS ESSENTIALLY NORMAL.				